



XP™ 2.7V 50F Cell

Part No. ESHSR-0050C0-002R7UC

FEATURES

- Enhanced performance under adverse environmental conditions
- Patent pending improvements both in structure and in sealing
- Long lifetimes with up to 500,000 duty cycles
- Compliant with UL, RoHS, and REACH requirements
- Recommended Application:

Actuators, Emergency Lighting, Telematics, Automotive, Security Equipment, Backup System, Smoke Detectors, Telematics, Automotive, Advanced Metering, and Others



See Note on Mounting Recommendations¹⁰





(+)POSITIVE LEAD TERMINAL

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Rated Voltage, V _R		2.7 VDC
Surge Voltage ¹		2.85 VDC
Rated Capacitance, C ²		50 F
Capacitance Tolerance	Min. / Max. Average ⁴	-10% /+20% +5% /+10%
Initial DC-ESR, R _{DC} ³	Max. Average ⁴	16 mΩ 10 mΩ
Maximum Leakage Current ⁵		73 µA
Maximum Peak Current, Non-repetitive ⁶		37.5 A

TYPICAL LIFETIME CHARACTERISTICS

Projected DC Life at Room Temperature ⁸ (Continuous charging at V_R and 25 ± 10 °C)	10 years
DC Life at Standard High Temperature ⁸ (Continuous charging at V_R and 65°C)	1,500 hours
DC Life at De-Rated Voltage & Higher Temp. ⁸ (Continuous charging at 2.3V and 85°C)	1,500 hours
Projected Cycle Life at Room Temperature ⁸ (Constant current charge-discharge from V_R to $1/2V_R$ at 25 ± 10 °C)	500,000 cycles
Biased Humidity Life (Continuous charging at V_R , 60°C, and 90% RH)	3,000 hours
Shelf Life (Stored without charge at 25 \pm 10 °C)	4 years
Projected Cycle Life at Room Temperature ⁸ (Constant current charge-discharge from V_R to $1/2V_R$ at 25 ± 10 °C) Biased Humidity Life (Continuous charging at V_R , 60°C, and 90% RH) Shelf Life (Stored without charge at 25 ± 10 °C)	500,000 cycles 3,000 hours 4 years

TYPICAL THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Thermal Resistance, R _{th} (Housing)	25 °C/W
Thermal Capacitance, Cth	11 J/°C
Usable Continuous Current ($\Delta T = 15^{\circ}$ C) ⁹	6.1 A
Usable Continuous Current ($\Delta T = 40^{\circ}$ C) ⁹	10.0 A

DIMENSION & WEIGHT				
D (+0.5)	18.0 mm	H1 (Min.)	15.0 mm	
L (±1.0)	41.0 mm	H2 (Min.)	19.0 mm	
d (±0.05)	0.8 mm	A (±0.5)	7.5 mm	
Nominal Weight	:	12.4 g		

SAFETY & ENVIRONMENTAL

RoHS & REACH & UL

Compliant

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT / POWER & ENERGY						
Operating Temperature Range	Standard (-40°C to 65°C)		Extended (-40°C to 85°C)			
Maximum Stored Energy, <i>E_{max}⁷</i>	at 2.7V	50.6 mWh	at 2.3V	36.7 mWh		
Gravimetric Specific Energy ⁷	at 2.7V	4.0 Wh/kg	at 2.3V	2.9 Wh/kg		
Usable Specific Power ⁷	at 2.7V	4.4 kW/kg	at 2.3V	3.2 kW/kg		
Impedance Match Specific Power ⁷	at 2.7V	9.1 kW/kg	at 2.3V	6.6 kW/kg		





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NOTE

1. Surge Voltage

Absolute maximum voltage, non-repetitive. The duration must not exceed 1 second.

2. Rated Capacitance (Measurement Method)

- > Constant current charge with 10 mA per farad to V_R. e.g. In case of 2.7V 50F cell, 10 * 50 = 500 mA
- > Constant voltage charge at V_R for 5 min.
- > Constant current discharge with 10 mA per farad to 0.1V.



where *C* is the capacitance (F);

- *I* is the absolute value of the discharge current (A);
- v_1 is the measurement starting voltage, 0.8 x V_R (V);
- v_2 is the measurement end voltage, 0.4 x V_R (V);
- t_1 is the time from discharge start to reach v_1 (s); t_2 is the time from discharge start to reach u_2 (s)

3. Initial DC-ESR (Measurement Method)

- > Constant current charge with 10 mA per farad to V_R.
- > Constant voltage charge at V_R for 5 min.
- > Constant current discharge with 40 * C * V_R [mA] to 0.1V. e.g. In case of 2.7V 50F cell, 40 * 50 * 2.7 = 5,400 mA



where ESR_{DC} is the DC-ESR (Ω);

 Δv is the voltage drop during first 10ms of discharge (V);

I is the absolute value of the discharge current (A)

4. Average

> Typical percentage spread that may be present in one shipment.

5. Maximum Leakage Current (Measurement Method)

- The capacitor is charged to its rated voltage V_R at 25°C.
- > Leakage current is the amount of current measured after 72 hours of continuous holding of the capacitor at V_R .

6. Maximum Peak Current

> Current that can be used for 1-second discharging from the rated voltage to the half-rated voltage under the constant current discharging mode.

$$I = \frac{\frac{1}{2}V_R}{\Delta t / C + ESR_{DC}}$$

- where I is the maximum peak current (A);
 - V_R is the rated voltage (V);
 - $\triangle t$ is the discharge time (sec); $\triangle t = 1$ sec in this case; C is the rated capacitance (F);
 - ESR_{DC} is the maximum DC-ESR (Ω)
- > The stated maximum peak current should not be used in normal operation and is only provided as a reference value.

7. Energy & Power (Based on IEC 62391-2)

 $\frac{1}{2}CV_{R}^{2}$ > Maximum Stored Energy, Emax (Wh) 3600

Gravimetric Specific Energy (Wh/kg) =
$$\frac{E_{Max}}{Weight}$$

$$0.12V_R^2$$

- > Usable Specific Power (W/kg) = ESR_{DC} × Weight
- > Impedance Match Specific Power (W/kg) = $\frac{0.23 v_R}{ESR_{DC} \times Weight}$

8. DC Life and Cycle Life Test

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- > End-of-Life (EOL) Conditions:
 - Capacitance: -20% from the rated minimum value
 - DC-ESR +100% from the specified maximum initial value
- > Capacitance and ESR measurements are taken at 25°C.

9. Usable Continuous Current

> Maximum current which can be used within the allowed temperature range under the constant current discharging mode.

$$I = \sqrt{\frac{\Delta T}{R_{th \times ESR_{DC}}}}$$

- where *I* is the maximum continuous current (A); ΔT is the change in temperature (°C);
 - R_{th} is the thermal resistance (°C/W);
 - ESR_{DC} is the maximum DC-ESR (Ω)

10. Mounting Recommendations

- > Provide properly spaced holes for mounting according to the specified cell dimension in order to minimize the terminal leads of the cell being mechanically stressed.
- > Do not place any through-holes directly underneath the cell or in the close proximity of the cell. Allow at least 5mm distance from any point on the outer diameter of the cell to the outer diameter of any through-hole.
- Protective coating of components on the PCB is strongly recommended in order to reduce the risk of the components being damaged in an event of electrolyte leakage.
- > The recommended mounting orientation is with the terminal leads pointing upward.
- Provide at least 2mm clearance from the safety vent and do not position anything near the safety vent that may be damaged by the vent rupture.
- Assemble the cell on the PCB taking into account that the cell may not be completely hermetic during its lifetime. Electrolyte vapor and gases generated during normal operation may escape the package.
- > Soldering guide for small and medium size cells is available and can be found at www.nesscap.com under Support -> Download.

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